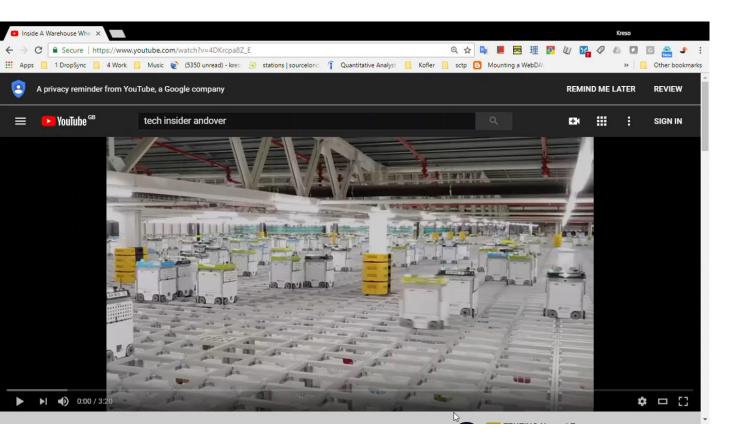
No walls Factory Floor IOT use cases task Force

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- A successful example from the UK
- Cambridge consultants (owned by Altran) and Ocado (online grocery shop)
 - "Transforming warehouse automation with another world-first in radio design"



- "Roaming the warehouse on a grid above millions of grocery items, Ocado's robots can assemble a typical 50-item order in five minutes."
- "The end result is a breakthrough in radio design – the most densely packed cellular network in the world. It's also scalable, with the capacity to handle up to 20 times the number of current movements."



Real	V
Lucrative	٧
As simple as possible	V
Not already realised	Х
In the space of:	logistics

Indoor	٧
Indoor & outdoor	X
Municipal	Х
Nation wide	X

- Use cases should be:
 - Real no proof of concept. A real use case, which upon capturing requirements on private network, can be tested and deployed 1.
 - Lucrative the effort expanded must be justified by the price of private network 2.
 - 3. As simple as possible - more complicated use cases can be captured in an iterative process

4.

Not already realised Note: Ocado use case is already realised, but SCF would benefit from:

- interference and throughput measurements
- understanding basic mitigation (possibly non-standardised) technologies
- In the space of (not exhaustive): agriculture 5.

 - consumer electronics
 - retail
 - logistics
 - manufacturing

Requirements

• Venue

• Size and material:

not too big: it would require too many radio nodes

not too small: interference pattern must not be dominated completely by reflected signals

80m x 80m x 5m

microwave reflection by metal in construction should be significant

preferable there will be a small section in the venue where radio-environment can be controlled – to quickly gauge the radio equipment

- Meeting room
- Internet
- Power feeds
- Floorplan
- Technical support

Requirements

• Simulation

- Note: simulation can be just a paper exercise
- 1. Determine initial and target bandwidth per square foot from the floor to radio heads
- 2. Determine initial (static) and target velocities of UEs on the floor
- 3. Along the test programme determine the best steps how to achieve the target
- Test programme
 - Initial bandwidth and static UEs
 - · Bandwidth density, number of UEs, radio link latency, interference, jitter
 - Target bandwidth and UE velocities
 - Dependency of all variables on UE velocities, and UE pose and antenna pattern
 - Best steps to achieve the target
 - Changes in PHY (e.g. shortTTI, or FEC)
 - Changes in MAC (e.g. scheduler)



